

# **Python Basics**

## **Variables**

You can name a variable anything as long as it obeys the following rules:

- 1. It can be only one word.
- 2. It can use only letters, numbers, and the underscore (\_) character.
- 3. It can't begin with a number.
- 4. Variable name starting with an underscore (\_) are considered as "unuseful'.

#### Example:

spam = 'Hello'
\_spam = 'Hello

# Math Operators

Operators	Operation	Example
**	Exponent	2 ** 3 = 8
%	Modulus/Remainder	22 % 8 = 6
//	Integer division	22 // 8 = 2
/	Division	22 / 8 = 2.75
*	Multiplication	3 * 3 = 9
_	Subtraction	5 - 2 = 3
+	Addition	2 + 2 = 4

### Comments

Inline comment:

# Thin in a

Multiline comment:

# multiline comment

Code with a comment:

**a = 1** # initialization

Please note the two spaces in front of the comment.

Function docstring:

def foo():
 """ This is a function docstring
 You can also use:
 ''' Function Docstring '''
 """

# Data types

Data Type	Examples
Integers	-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Floating-point numbers	-1.25, -1.0,0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.25
Strings	'a', 'aa', 'aaa', 'Hello!', 'W0rld'





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# **Python Basics**

## **Conditions**

One block:

```
x = 3
if x == 3:
    print('x is 3')
```

Two blocks:

```
mark = 80
if mark >= 50:
    print('pass')
else:
    print('fail')
```

Multiple blocks:

```
mark = 80
if mark >= 65:
    print('credit')
elseif mark >= 50:
    print('pass')
else:
    print('fail')
```

# Range

Counts from 0 to 9:

#### range(10)

Starts from 0 and goes up to, not including 10

Counts from 1 to 10:

#### range(1, 11)

Counts from 10 to 1:

range(10 0 -1)

Counts in steps of 2:

range(0, 11, 2)

Counts down in steps of 2:

range(10.0.-2)



## Loops

While:

```
x = 0
while x < 4:
    print(x)
    x = x + 1</pre>
```

Exiting a loop using break:

```
x = 0
while x < 4:
    print(x)
    if x == 2:
        break
    x = x + 1</pre>
```

Restart the loop using continue:

```
x = 0
while x <= 10:
    x = x + 1
    if x % 2 == 0:
        continue
    print('%s is odd' % x)</pre>
```

For:

r i in range(10):
print(i)

Iterates over string:

for c in 'Hello':
 print(c)

## Comparison

Equal to:

```
x == 3:
```

Not equal to:

х .- э.

Less than:

x < 3:

Greater than:

x > 3

Less than or equal to:

x <= 3

Less than or equal to:

x >= 3:

The result of a comparison is a boolean:

True

r

False

# **Input and output**

Print message:

```
print('Hello world!')
```

Print multiple values:

```
ndays = 365
print('There are', ndays, 'in a year'
```

Ask user for a string:

name= input('What is your name? ')

Ask user for a whole number:

num = int(input('Enter a number: '))



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Not equal to:

x != 3:

Less than:

< 3:

Greater than:

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